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XPOW-120AX-CCvCV-U

SPECIFICATION SHEET AND MANUAL 2024

nicslab

CE RoHS

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Safety Note

Do not operate this product in any manner not specified by Nicslab. Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific warnings or instructions elsewhere in this manual violates safety standards of design, manufacture, and intended use of the instrument. Nicslab assumes no responsibility for any damage caused by mishandling that is beyond normal usage defined in this manual of this product.

Before Applying DC Power Supply

Verify that the DC power supply is in good condition and safe to use. It is imperative to use ONE DC power supply as a source power for this product and the input voltage is no more than 36 V or it can impair this product. Make all connections to the unit before applying power.

Do Not Discard the Instrument Cover

Only authorized personnel from Nicslab should remove the instrument cover.

Do Not Alter the Instrument

Do not put any unauthorized parts or modify the instrument without Nicslab approval and warranty.

Caution

This symbol indicates the hazard of any operating procedure, practice, or the like that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to the product or loss of important data.

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1. Introduction

Nicslab XPOW-120AX-CCvCV-U is a versatile multichannel source measurement system. The XPOW-120AX-CCvCV-U supports multiple voltage/current sourcing and voltage/current measurement. The system is suitable for sourcing and measuring low-power applications from simple electronic circuits to complex photonic integrated circuits.

The XPOW-120AX-CCvCV-U provides independent 120 channels controlled by Graphical User Interface (GUI) and Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments (SCPI) through Universal Serial Bus (USB) port. The system has two modes: Constant Current (CC) ranging from 0 – 300 mA per channel and Constant Voltage (CV) ranging from unipolar 0 – 5 V, 0 – 10 V, 0 – 20 V, and 0 – 34 V (please check your feature selection).

The features of XPOW-120AX-CCvCV-U in detail are:

- 16-bits voltage control, see the resolution at Table 5.
- 16-bits current control, see the resolution at Table 6.
- Enable voltage and current range configuration through software (technology that enables the user to select the output range using software without losing control of the high-resolution feature).
- Flexible output configuration with 16-bit resolution unipolar 0 – 5 V, 0 – 10 V, 0 – 20 V and 0 – 34 V (*Premium Upgrade*).
- Flexible current output configuration with 16-bit resolution 0 – 300mA.
- Intuitive GUI.
- Measurement time for single channel: 393 ms.
- Multi-connectors according to your application.
- The maximum power output per channel is 10 watts.
- Real time voltage reading (16-bits resolution = 1.25 mV).
- Real time current reading (16-bits resolution = 5 μ A).
- Save function to create a database.
- Upload function to generate the registrable voltage and current pattern.
- Sequence function for continuous voltage and current.
- Short circuits protection.
- SCPI command support (Python, Matlab, C#, and LabVIEW).
- SCPI Library (*Premium Upgrade*).
- Windows, Mac, and Linux support.
- USB port with USB line termination, filtering, and electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection.
- Bi-directional electromagnetic interference (EMI) filtering prevents noise from entering/leaving the system.

- Compliance with IEC61000-4-2 ESD Protection for USB Port.

The XPOW-120AX-CCvCV-U needs to be connected with direct current (DC) power first then you can plug into the Device-Under-Test (DUT) or multi-connector. The voltage/current can be controlled through GUI or SCPI command via USB port.

The system diagram is as follows:

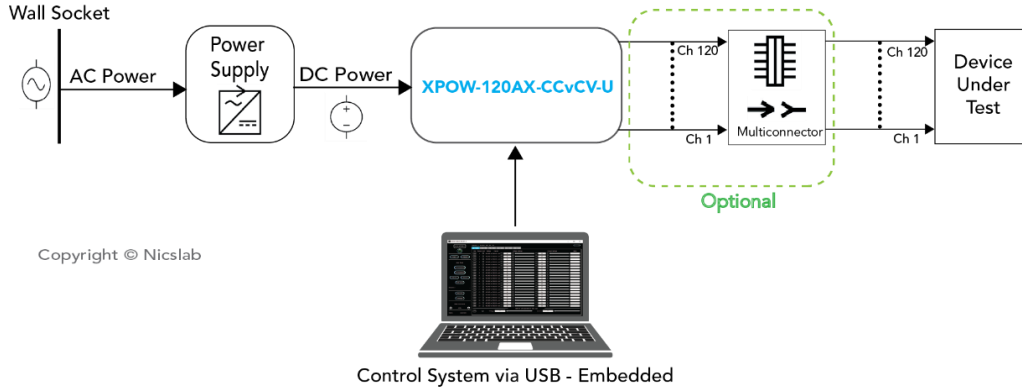


Figure 1. XPOW-120AX-CCvCV-U System Diagram

The package should include the following items:

Table 1. Checklist Items

No	Item	Qty (pc)	Checklist
1	XPOW-120AX-CCvCV-U Box	1	
2	DC power line cord (Red, Black)	2	
3	USB 3.0 cable type B	3	
4	Multi-connector 6 (Optional)	1	
5	USB hub	1	
6	Ribbon rainbow cable	6	
7	USB flash disk	1	
8	Inside the USB flash disk: a. GUI b. Specification & Manual c. Test Report d. Serial key (Upgrade) e. XPOW key f. Software Library (Premium) g. Comma separated-values (CSV) template (upload, demo sequence)	1	

2. Hardware

Specification Conditions

The operating and measurement conditions are under the following conditions:

Table 2. Specification Conditions

Items	Conditions
Room Temperature	0 ~ 40 °C
Humidity	5 ~ 80 % (no condensing)
Power Supply Input	DC supply max 36 V with effective voltage output range 34 V (potential at red & black DC in). Power supply setting : <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Minimum Voltage 10 V.- Minimum Current 2A. Required headroom 1.4 – 2 V.
Waterproof/Dustproof	To be operated under room condition
Calibration period	2 years

Note: To minimize the possibility of overheating the device, it is recommended that the supply voltage value should be the maximum output to be generated + 3 volts. For example, if you have a DUT that needs to be driven by 100mA current with a voltage of 10V, then the recommended power supply setting is 10 + 3 Volts which is 13 Volts.

Hardware Requirement

The requirements for the PC/laptop to be used for this product installation are:

- Resolution Min. 1024 x 768 pixel
- Hard disk Min. 500 MB of available free space (32-bit and 64-bit operating system)
- USB Port USB 2.0
- RAM Min. 2 GB
- CPU 2.4 GHz or faster

Box Descriptions

The box size is 232 (W) x 450 (L) x 102 (H) mm, with a weight of 7.9 kg, as shown in the pictures below:

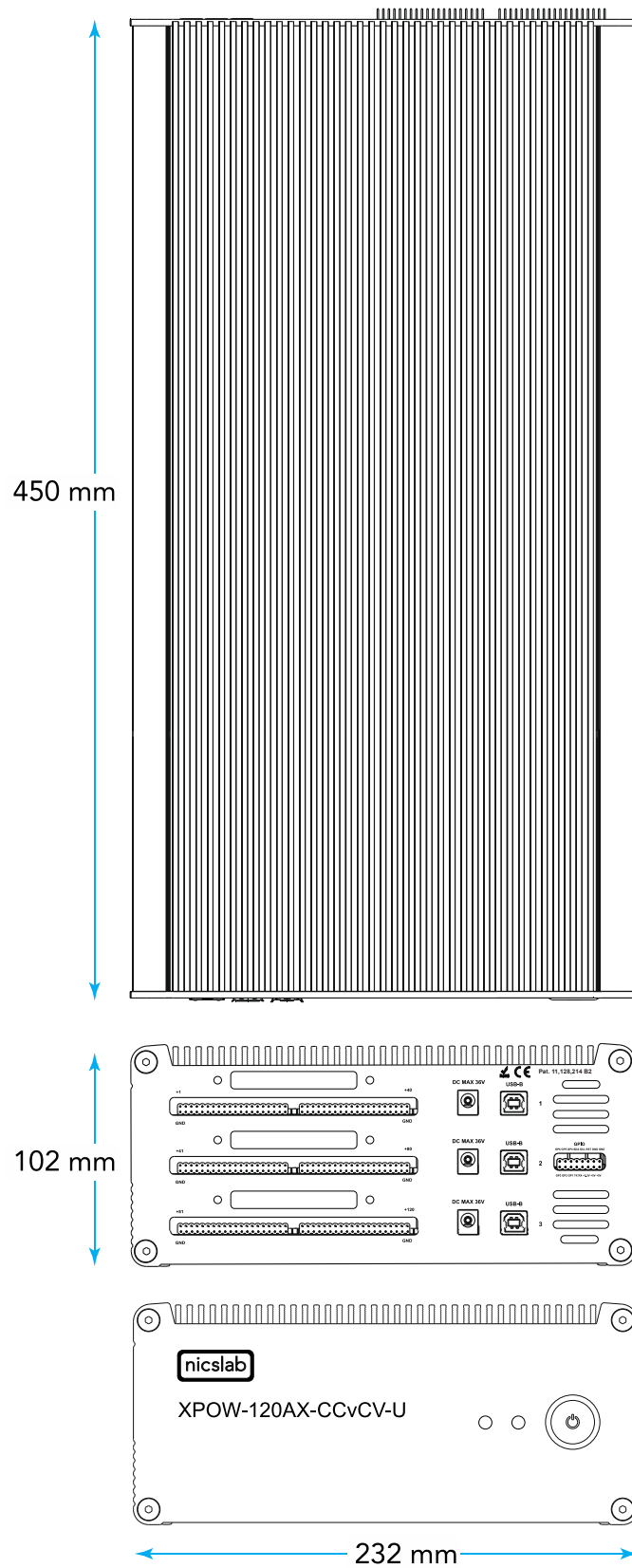


Figure 2. Product Dimension

The details of the front and back panels of the box are described below:

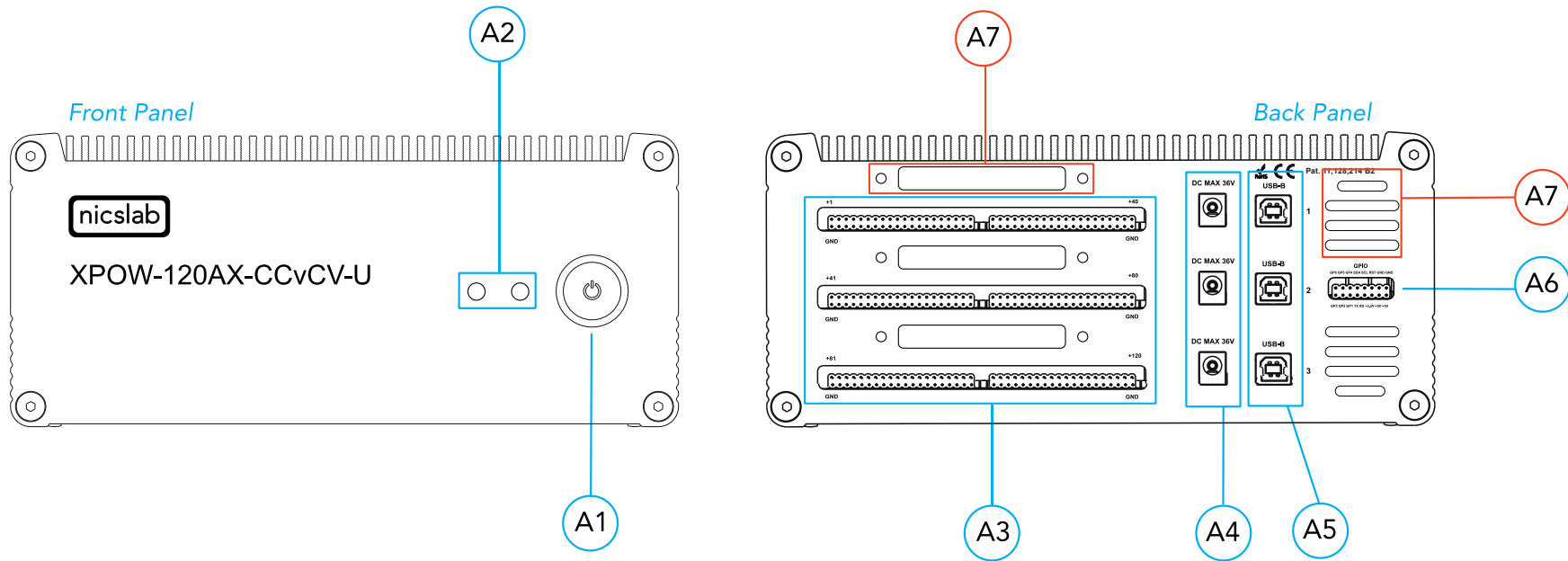


Figure 3. Front, Back and Top View

Note:

A1	Power Switch	To turn the instrument on or off.
A2	Indicator Light	Green -> Power Indicator. Blue -> Serial Transfer Data Active.
A3	Pin Output (40 channels per row)	To connect to Device Under Test (DUT) using cable or multi-connector. Row 1: Channel 1 to 40 Row 2: Channel 41 to 80 Row 3: Channel 81 to 120
A4	Input DC Max 36V	Caution Please follow the safety notice on your DC power supply. USE ONLY ONE DC POWER SUPPLY and the input is no more than 36 V. The XPOW will not power up if the current from the power supply is too low (minimum 10 V and 2 A). Black cable inserts to negative terminal (0 V) Red cable inserts to positive terminal (36 V)
A5	USB-B	USB type B minimum version 2.0.
A6	GPIO	You may use it for external control and monitoring directly to the microprocessor.
A7	Airflow	For air circulation inside the box.

XPOW-120AX-CCvCV-U Specifications

The performance specifications of the Digital Analog Converter (DAC) voltage are listed in Table 3 below:

Table 3. DAC Voltage Performance Specification

No	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test conditions/comments
1	Resolution	16			Bits	
2	Integral nonlinearity (INL)	-1	± 0.5	1	LSB	All ranges, except 0 to 40
3	Differential Nonlinearity (DNL)	-1	± 0.5	1	LSB	Specified 16-bit monotonic
4	Total unadjusted error	-0.1	± 0.01	0.1	%FSR	All ranges
5	Unipolar offset error	-0.03	± 0.015	0.03	%FSR	All unipolar ranges
6	Unipolar zero-code error	0	0.04	0.1	%FSR	All unipolar ranges
7	Full-scale error	-0.2	± 0.075	± 0.2	%FSR	All ranges
8	Gain error	-0.1	± 0.02	0.1	%FSR	All ranges
9	Unipolar offset error drift		±2		ppm of FSR/°C	All unipolar ranges
10	Gain error drift		±2		ppm of FSR/°C	All ranges
11	Output voltage drift over time		5		Ppm of FSR	T _A = 40 °C, Full-scale code, 1900 hours
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE						
12	Output Voltage Settling Time		12		µs	¼ to ¾ and ¾ to ¼ scale setting time to ± 1 LSB, ±10 V range, R _L = 5 kΩ, C _L = 200 pF
13	Slew Rate		4		V/µs	All ranges except 0 to 5 V
14	Power-on glitch magnitude		0.3		V	Power-down to active DAC output, Midscale code, R _L = 5 kΩ, C _L = 200 pF
15	Output noise		15		µV p-p	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz, Midscale code, 0 to 5 V range
16	Output noise density		78		nV/√Hz	1 kHz, Midscale code, 0 to 5 V range
17	AC PSRR		1		LSB/V	Midscale code, frequency = 60 Hz, amplitude 200 mVpp superimposed on V _{DD} , V _{CC} , or V _{SS}
18	DC PSRR		1		LSB/V	Midscale code, V _{DD} = 5 V, V _{CC} = 20 V ±5 %, V _{SS} = 20 V
19	Code change glitch impulse		4		nV-s	1 LSB change around the major carrier, 0 to 5 V range
20	Channel to Channel AC crosstalk		4		nV-s	0 to 5 V range. Measured channel at midscale. Full-scale swing on all other channels.
21	Channel to Channel DC crosstalk		0.25		LSB	0 to 5 V range. Measured channel at midscale. All other channels at full-scale.
22	Digital feedthrough		1		nV-s	0 to 5 V range, Midscale code, F _{SCLK} = 1 MHz

The performance specifications of the Digital Analog Converter (DAC) current are listed in Table 4 below:

Table 4. DAC Current Performance Specification

No	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test conditions/comments
1	Resolution	16			Bits	
2	Monotonicity	16			Bits	
3	Differential Nonlinearity		± 0.2	± 1	LSB	
4	Integral Nonlinearity		± 12	± 64	LSB	
5	Offset Error Current		± 0.1	± 0.4	%FSR	
6	V= Temperature Coefficient		± 10		ppm/°C	
7	Gain Error		± 0.3	± 0.9	%FSR	300 mA Range
8	Gain Temperature Coefficient		30		%FSR	FSADJ = V _{CC}
9	Total Unadjusted Error		± 0.4	± 1.4	%FSR	300 mA Range
10	Power Supply Rejection Ratio		± 2.2		LSB	100 mA; I _{OUT} = 50 mA
11	DC Crosstalk		±14		LSB	Due to a 200 mW Change in Dissipated Power
12	DC Performance					
13	V _{DROPOUT}		1.15	1.751	V	300 mA Range
14	Hi-Z Output Leakage Current		0.1	1	µA	
AC CHARACTERISTIC						
16	t _{SET}		4.7		µs	Settling time, Full-Scale 200 mA range
17	Glitch Impulse		180		pA.s	At Mid-Scale Transition, 200 mA Range
18	DAC-to-DAC Crosstalk		150		pA.s	100 mA to 200 mA Step, R _{load} = 15 Ω
19	I _{noise}					Output Current Noise Density Internal Reference, I _{out} = 150 mA, R _{load} = 4 Ω, C _{load} = 10 µF
20			12			f = 1 kHz
21			5		nA√Hz	f = 10 kHz
22			0.5	n	nA√Hz	f = 100 kHz
23			0.05		nA√Hz	f = 1 MHz

The voltage control resolution is listed in Table 5 below. The resolution is 16-bits and have different value for each range. The default range is 0 – 40 V (34 V) and can be adjusted in GUI premium version.

Table 5. Voltage Control Resolution

No	Range	Resolution
1	0 – 40 V (34 V)	0.6 mV
2	0 – 20 V	0.3 mV
3	0 – 10 V	150 μ V
4	0 – 5 V	76 μ V

The current control resolution is listed in Table 6 below. The resolution is 16-bits and have different value for each range. The default range is 0 – 300 mA and can be adjusted by request.

Table 6. Current Control Resolution

No	Range	Resolution
1	0 – 300 mA	4.5 μA
2	0 – 200 mA	3.05 μ A
3	0 – 100 mA	1.52 μ A
4	0 – 50 mA	0.76 μ A
5	0 – 25 mA	0.38 μ A
6	0 – 12.5 mA	0.19 μ A
7	0 – 6.25 mA	95 nA
8	0 – 3.125 mA	47 nA

Note: Current range configuration can currently only be done with our engineers. After receiving the XPOW, user cannot change the current range. To change the current range, the XPOW must be sent back to Niclab.

Hardware Installation

This section describes how to install XPOW-120AX-CCvCV-U and how to connect your Device Under Test (DUT) to the output terminals.

The steps are as follows:

1. Precondition step: connect to the DC power supply (max 36 V). Make sure that the DC power supply is always 'ON'.
2. Connect a USB cable to your workstation (PC/Laptop) via a USB port.
3. Connect XPOW output to the multi-connector (optional, see the M6 manual) and your Device Under Test (DUT).
4. Install the software/GUI (see the Software Installation section) from the flash disk, Dropbox link, and [Nicslab website](#).
5. After you install the software/GUI, then the XPOW is ready to use by switching the ON/OFF button at the front panel.

3. Software and Graphical User Interface (GUI)

Software Requirement

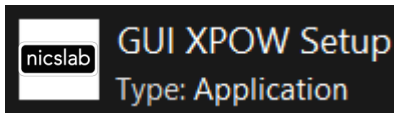
The GUI software is suitable for the following operating systems:

- Windows® 7 (32-bit, 64-bit).
- Windows® 10 (32-bit, 64-bit).
- Windows® 11 (64-bit).
- macOS 11 Big Sur.
- Linux Ubuntu.

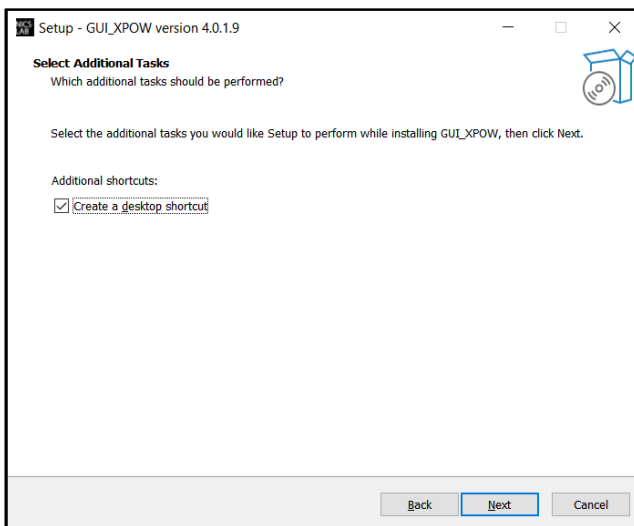
Software Installation

The first step is to copy the GUI file into your hard disk. For Mac, both the GUI and Arduino must be copied inside the 'Application' folder.

Double-click the icon below to install the GUI.




At the end step of the installation, check a 'Create a desktop shortcut'.

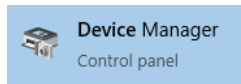


Double-click the executable GUI icon (as below) on your desktop to launch the GUI.

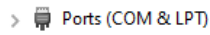


How to Detect Which COM is Used (Windows only)

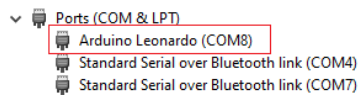
1. Click **Start** . Find 'Device Manager', and then click **Device Manager**.



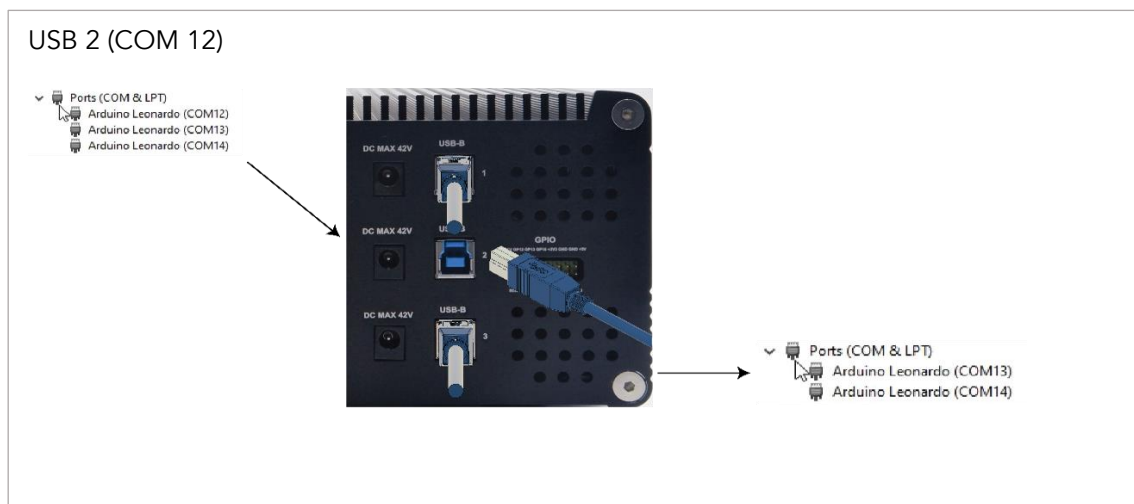
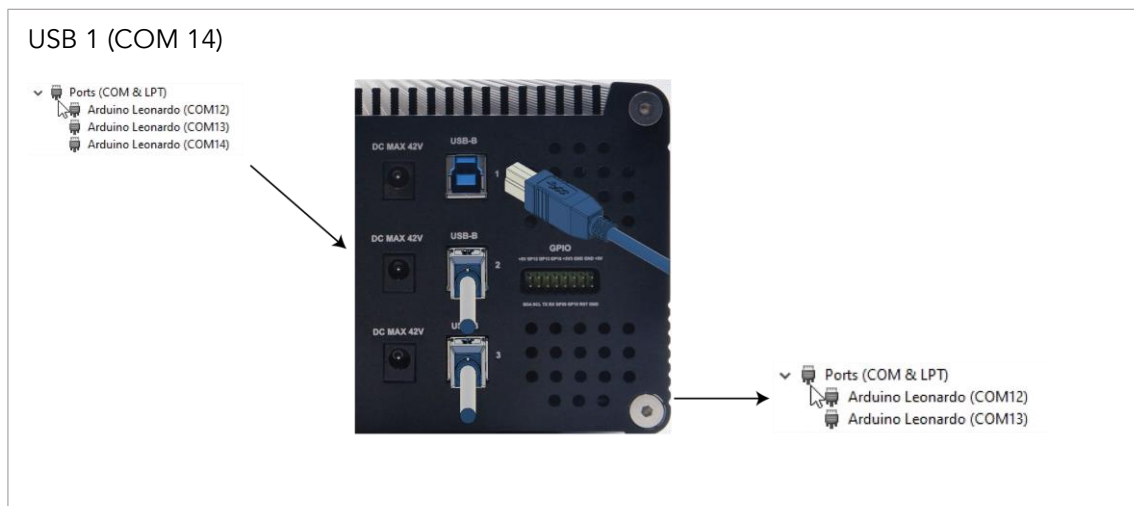
2. Find **Ports (COM & LPT)**.

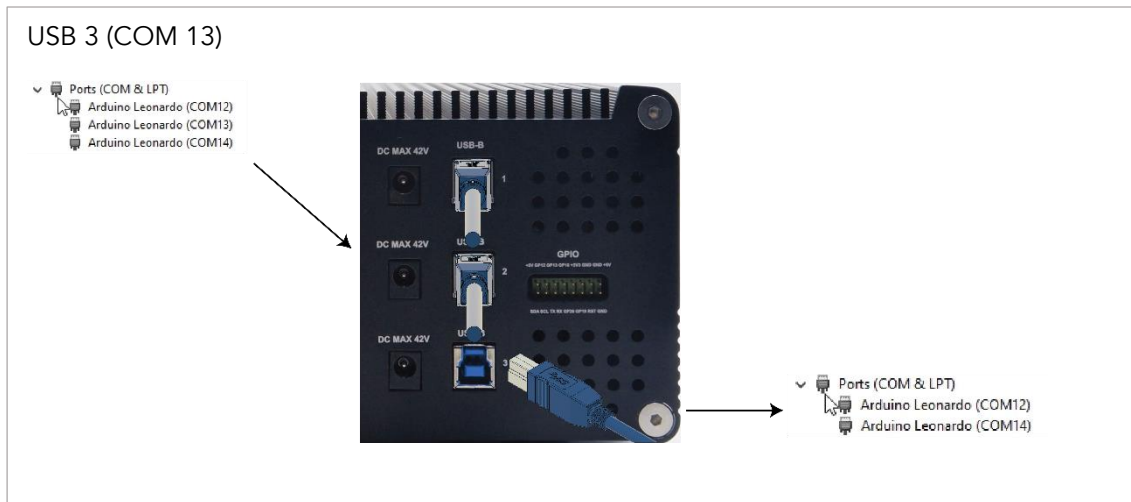


3. When XPOW is connected to the computer, there are 3 (three) Arduino Leonardo ports detected with COM number as shown below.



4. To know the COM port for each USB port, you may unplug the USB ports one by one and compare with the COM port listed on the Device Manager.

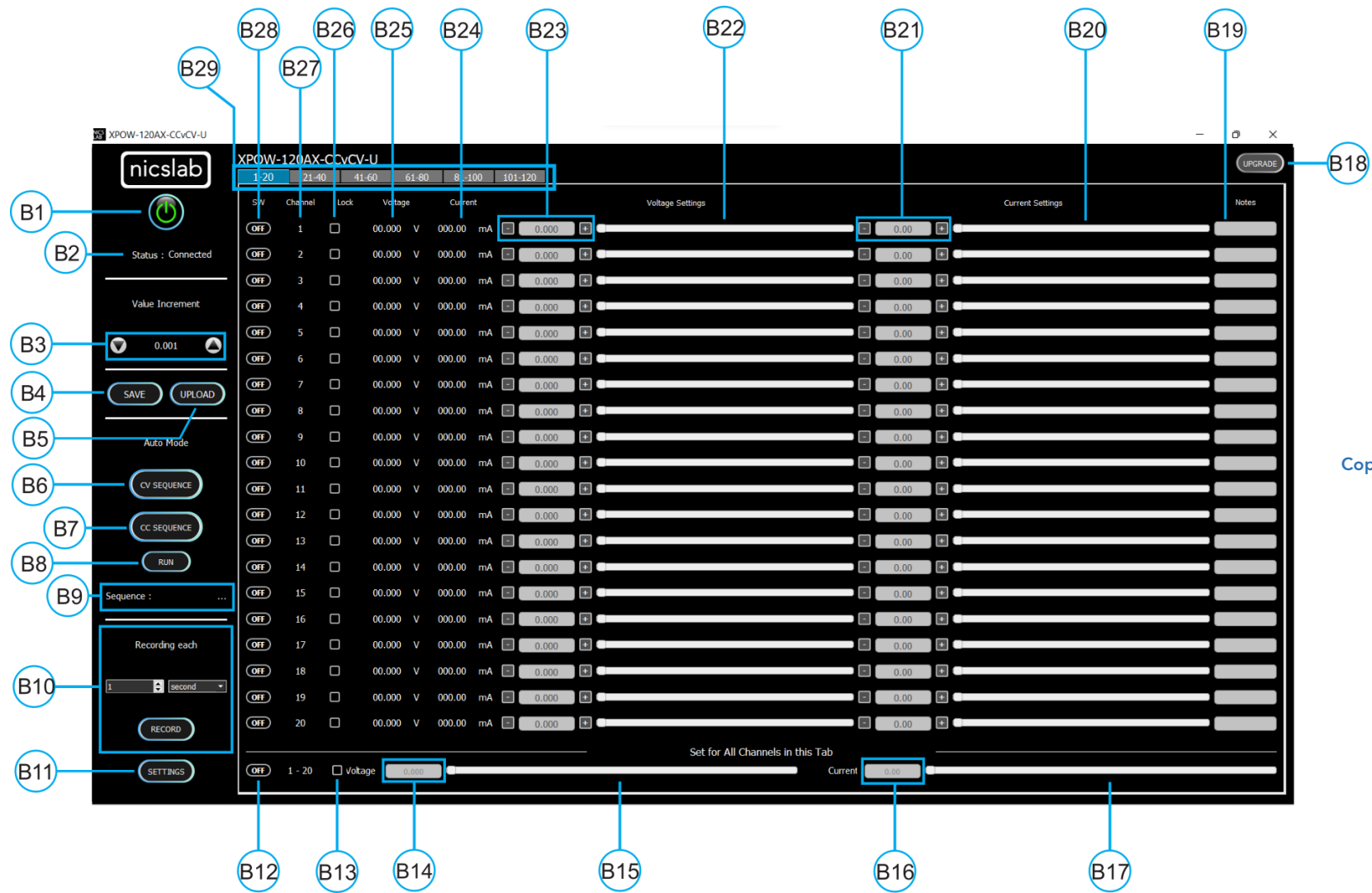




Graphical User Interface (GUI)

Start the XPOW by pressing the ON button, then you can control it by GUI. The display details are on the next page.

Note: You can also launch the GUI through programming languages such as Python, C#, LabVIEW, and Java.



Copyright © Niclab

Figure 4. GUI

Copyright © Niclab

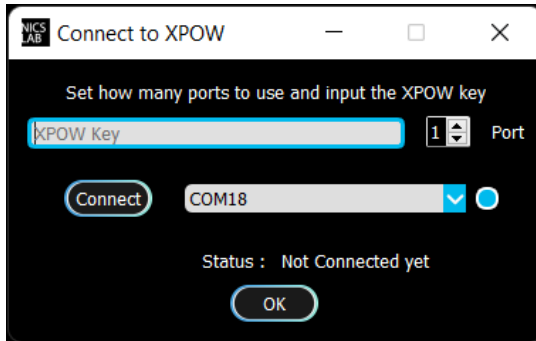
Note:

Callout	Description
B1	ON/OFF Switch
B2	Status of connection
B3	Increment Settings
B4	Save File Button - <i>Premium Feature</i>
B5	Upload File Button - <i>Premium Feature</i>
B6	Auto Feature Sequence: Upload Table Button I CV Mode - <i>Premium Feature</i>
B7	Auto Feature Sequence: Upload Table Button I CC Mode - <i>Premium Feature</i>
B8	Auto Feature: Run Button CV and/or CC Mode - <i>Premium Feature</i>
B9	Name of the Sequence - <i>Premium Feature</i>
B10	Record Data Button - <i>Premium Feature</i>
B11	Setting for: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Set Limit voltage and current values - <i>Premium Feature</i> 2. V Range (16-bit precision for every range of voltages: 5, 10, 20, 34 V) with effective voltage output range up to 34 V - <i>Premium Feature</i> 3. Set the Reading speed of Voltage and Current (Fast, Medium, Slow) - <i>Premium Feature</i>
B12	ON/OFF Button for the current Tab
B13	Enable/Disable (Lock) Channel Controller for all channels in the current tab
B14	Text area to set the voltage for all channels in the current tab
B15	Slider to set the voltage for all channels in the current tab
B16	Text area to set the current for all channels in the current tab
B17	Slider to set current for all channels in the current tab
B18	Upgrade Button
B19	Notes - <i>Premium Feature</i>
B20	Current Settings Slider
B21	Current Value Based on Increment Setting
B22	Voltage Settings Slider
B23	Voltage Value Based on Increment Setting
B24	Current Value
B25	Voltage Value
B26	Enable/Disable (Lock) Channel Controller
B27	Number of channels
B28	ON/OFF Button per Channel
B29	Tab Channel

Initializing the GUI

This section shows how to initialize the GUI:

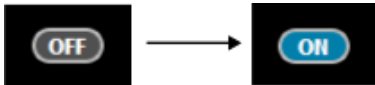
1. Launch the GUI by double-clicking the executable GUI icon.
2. When you launch the GUI for the first time, input the 'XPOW Key' and put in the correct 'COM' port.



3. Press the switch button (B1) on GUI to connect it with the XPOW.



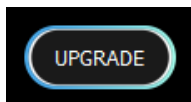
4. Turn ON (B28) on each channel to the input voltage and current values.



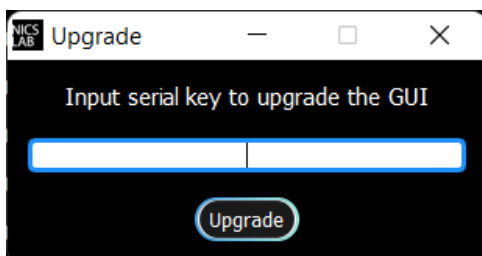
Premium Upgrade

This section shows how to upgrade the GUI to enable advanced features.

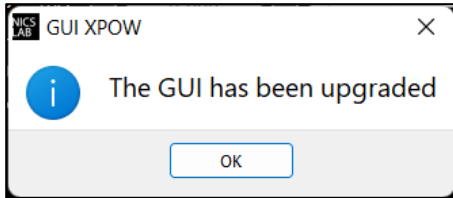
1. Press the upgrade button at the top right corner of the window



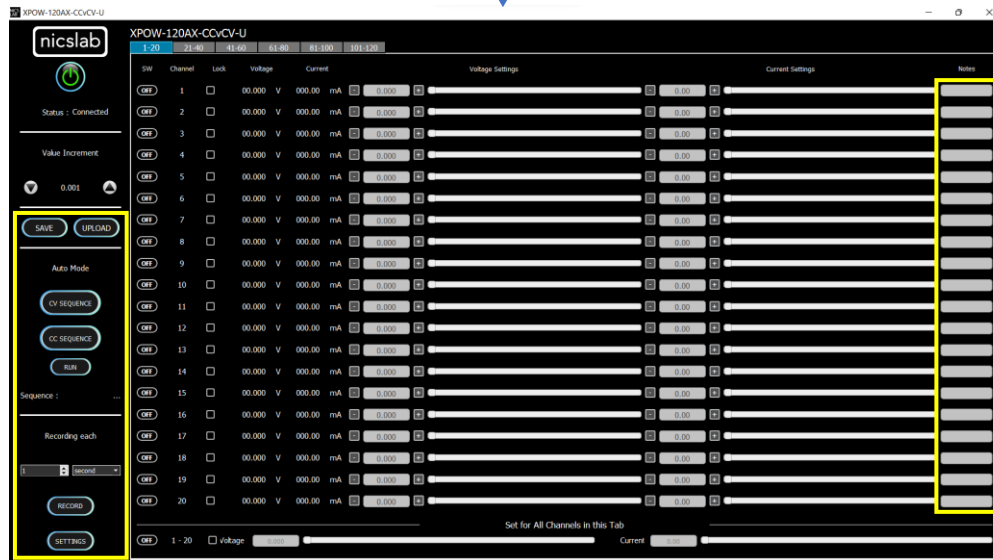
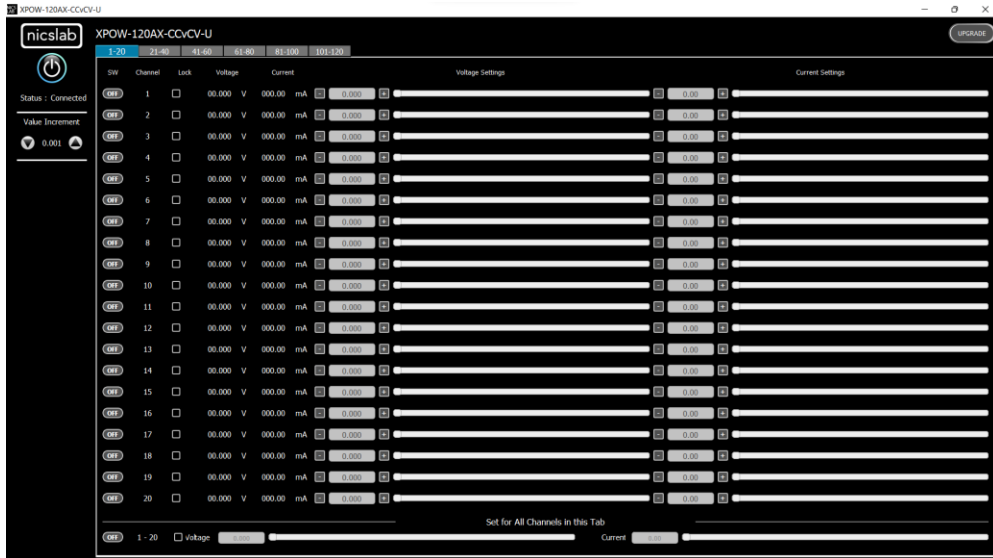
2. After the upgrade window opened, input the Premium Upgrade Key.



- If your Premium Upgrade Key is valid, you will get a message that indicates a successful upgrade.



- You can use several features that were previously locked.



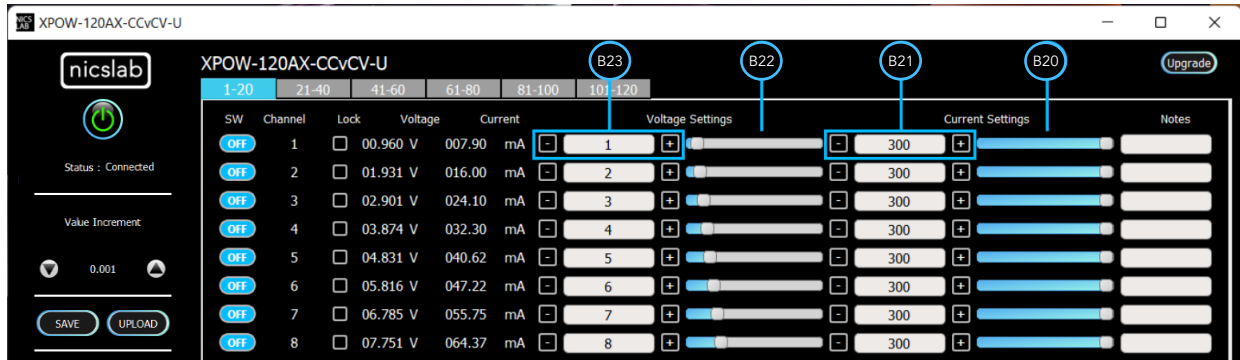
The next few sections are the advanced features that are enabled after upgrading the GUI.

Constant Current (CC) Mode

This section shows how to do CC mode according to your purpose:

To do CC mode, you need to move the voltage slider (B22) or adjust the voltage value (B23) to the maximum value before setting the current value on (B21) or slider (B20). As an example, channel 1 was given a 120 Ω load.

Important note: When you manually input the values, always press 'Enter'.

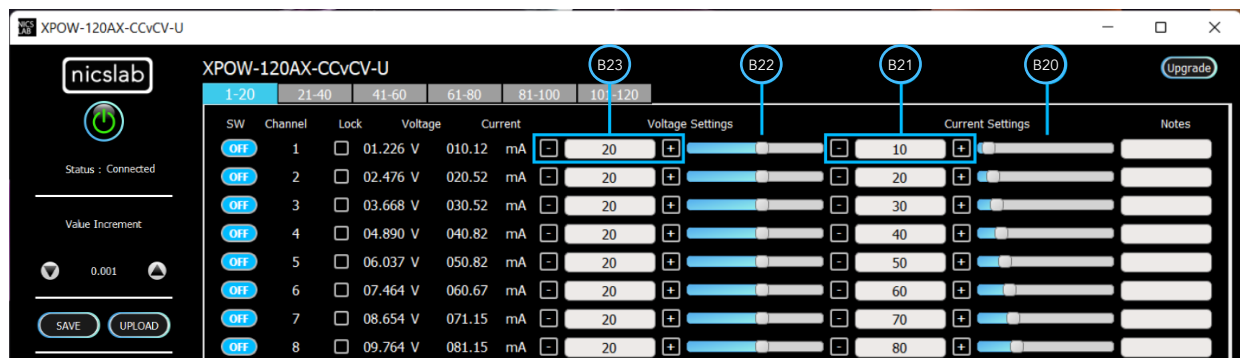


Constant Voltage (CV) Mode

This section shows how to do CV mode according to your aim:

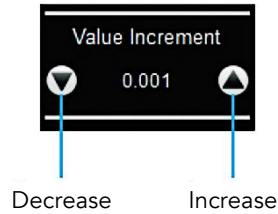
To do CV mode, you need to move the current slider (B20) or adjust the current value (B21) to a certain value. Then adjust the voltage value on (B23) or slider (B22).

Important note: When you manually input the values, always press 'Enter'.



Value Increment Setting

In this setting, the value of the voltage and current can be incrementally changed from 0.001 to 1. Click the arrows to increase and decrease the value increment (B3).



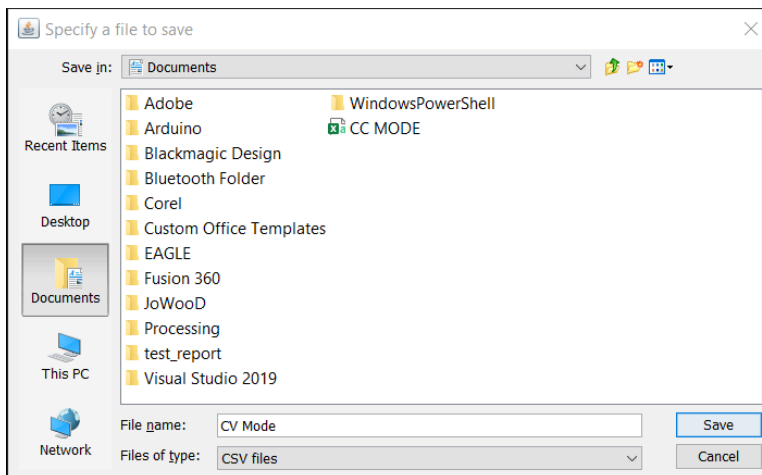
Save and Upload

The CSV file (.csv) resulting from the Save function can be uploaded again through the Upload button (B5). You may also create your own CSV file of voltage and current and upload it later.

1. To save the configuration, click the 'Save' button (B4).

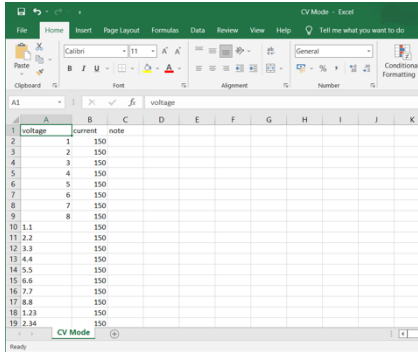


2. Select a directory and write the file name.



3. The file will be saved as a .csv file.

4. Check the .csv file that you have saved.

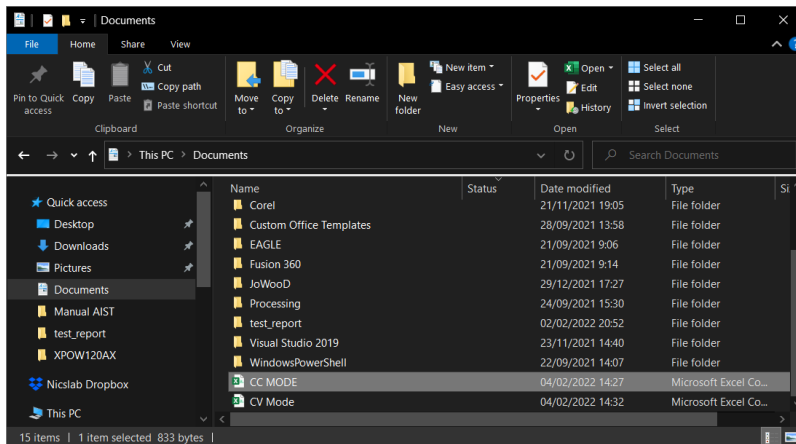


The voltage, current, and notes are recorded. If the file doesn't appear to have saved data from all channel, consider trying to open the file with another program, like Notepad, for further inspection.

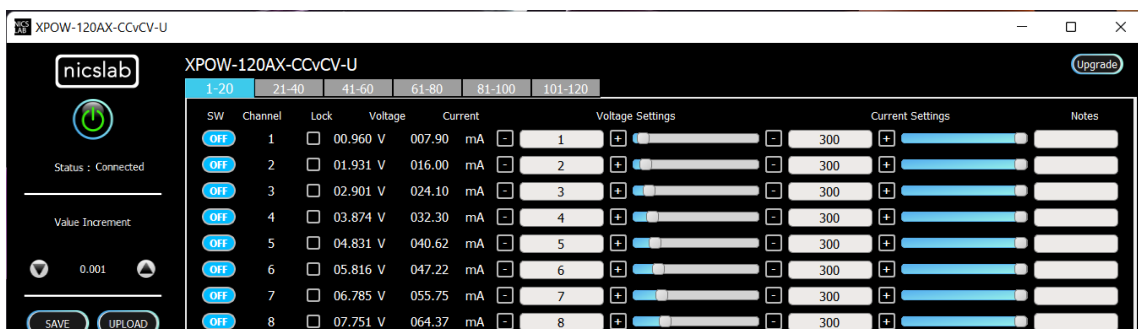
5. To upload the configuration, click the 'Upload' button (B5).



6. Choose and open the intended file.



7. It will upload the configuration like the previous configuration.



Note: When you upload CV mode, the current setting slider values automatically show 2184.50 bits to open the current flow from the supply. You may adjust this to match your requirements.

Sequence Automation

Sequence is the setting that automates the determined values of current (mA) or voltage (V) given the certain Delay Time (in milliseconds).

- The template of the sequence is given, then you need to input your intended values of CC Sequence (from 0 to 300 mA), CV Sequence (from 0 to 34 V), and Delay Time (in milliseconds). Set the delay time to more than 2 seconds to have more accurate values. To have a faster response (switching time) you can set it via the SCPI command (see Operating XPOW through the SCPI command).

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1		Seq 1	Seq 2	Seq 3	Seq 4	Seq 5	Seq 6	Seq 7	Seq 8	Note
2	Delay Time	6000	5478	4912	3409	4213	5902	6012		
3	Channel 1	5	50	0	100	150	150	0	300	Fan1
4	Channel 2	10	50	0	100	160	150	0	300	Fan2
5	Channel 3	15	50	0	100	170	150	0	300	Motor1
6	Channel 4	20	50	0	100	180	150	0	300	Motor2
7	Channel 5	25	50	0	100	190	150	0	300	Sensor1
8	Channel 6	30	50	0	100	200	150	0	300	Sensor2
9	Channel 7	35	50	0	100	210	150	0	300	Sensor3
10	Channel 8	40	50	0	100	220	150	0	300	Not Used

Note:

- Template given for CC and CV sequences.
 - Input your intended values according to the modes (CC: 0 – 300 mA, CV: 0 – 34 V).
- Choose the sequence mode that you will use, either CV Sequence (B6) or CC sequence (B7). When you click, for example, if you want to use a CC sequence, you need to open the corresponding CSV sequence file.
 - After uploading, choose sequence mode by clicking 'Run' (B8). It will run either CC, CV, or CC & CV Sequence depends on the .csv file that you uploaded before.

Important note: when 'Run CCCV' use the same delay time on the template .csv of CC and CV sequence.

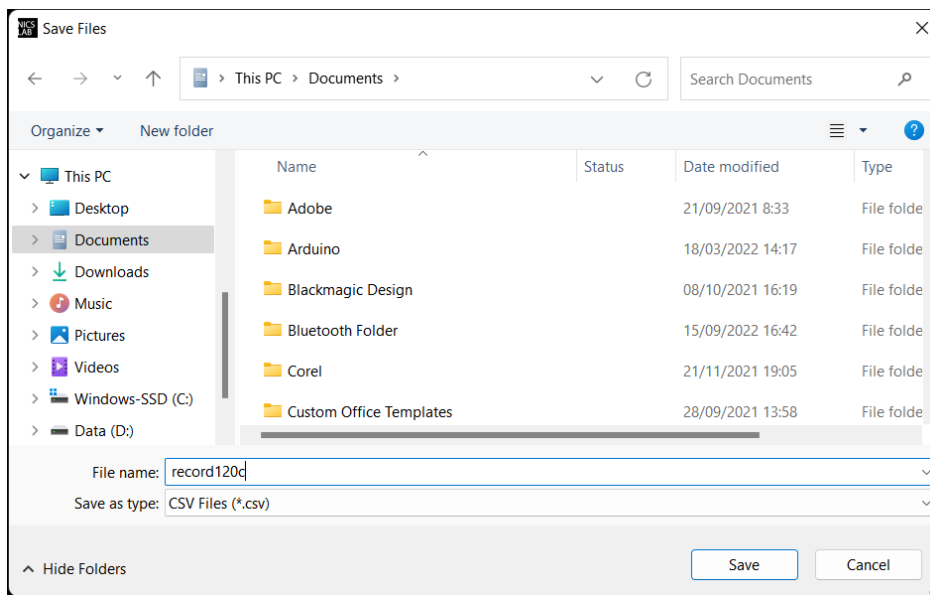
Decrease

Record

'Record' (B10) keeps data on voltage and current values. You can choose how often the data is stored in a unit of time. The default value is the data will be stored each one second. The record starts by the time you click the Record button and will finish when you click again the same button.



Click the same button to stop Recording. After that, put the file in any directory



This is the output of the recorded file

The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet with the following data:

Time Stamp	Voltage[1]	Current[1]	Notes	Voltage[2]	Current[2]	Notes	Voltage[3]	Current[3]	Notes	Voltage[4]	Current[4]	Notes	Voltage[5]	Current[5]	Notes	Voltage[6]	Current[6]	Notes
20:29:19	1.111 V	9.1 mA	Fan1	1.053 V	9.17 mA	Fan2	1.125 V	9.12 mA	Motor1	1.107 V	9.12 mA	Motor2	1.099 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.112 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:20	1.111 V	9.07 mA	Fan1	1.053 V	9.17 mA	Fan2	1.125 V	9.12 mA	Motor1	1.107 V	9.12 mA	Motor2	1.099 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.112 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:21	1.111 V	9.1 mA	Fan1	1.053 V	9.17 mA	Fan2	1.125 V	9.12 mA	Motor1	1.107 V	9.12 mA	Motor2	1.1 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.112 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:22	1.111 V	9.1 mA	Fan1	1.053 V	9.17 mA	Fan2	1.125 V	9.12 mA	Motor1	1.107 V	9.12 mA	Motor2	1.099 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.112 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:23	1.111 V	9.1 mA	Fan1	1.053 V	9.17 mA	Fan2	1.125 V	9.12 mA	Motor1	1.107 V	9.12 mA	Motor2	1.1 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.112 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:24	1.111 V	9.1 mA	Fan1	1.053 V	9.17 mA	Fan2	1.125 V	9.12 mA	Motor1	1.107 V	9.12 mA	Motor2	1.1 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.112 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:25	8.716 V	71.8 mA	Fan1	1.054 V	9.17 mA	Fan2	1.125 V	9.12 mA	Motor1	1.107 V	9.12 mA	Motor2	1.1 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.112 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:26	8.716 V	71.8 mA	Fan1	1.054 V	9.17 mA	Fan2	1.125 V	9.12 mA	Motor1	1.107 V	9.12 mA	Motor2	1.1 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.112 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:27	8.716 V	71.8 mA	Fan1	1.054 V	9.17 mA	Fan2	1.125 V	9.12 mA	Motor1	1.107 V	9.12 mA	Motor2	1.1 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.112 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:28	8.716 V	71.8 mA	Fan1	8.699 V	76.37 mA	Fan2	1.125 V	9.12 mA	Motor1	1.109 V	9.15 mA	Motor2	1.1 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.112 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:29	8.717 V	71.8 mA	Fan1	8.699 V	76.35 mA	Fan2	1.125 V	9.12 mA	Motor1	1.109 V	9.15 mA	Motor2	1.1 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.112 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:30	8.717 V	71.8 mA	Fan1	8.699 V	76.35 mA	Fan2	1.125 V	9.12 mA	Motor1	1.109 V	9.15 mA	Motor2	1.1 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.112 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:31	8.717 V	71.8 mA	Fan1	8.699 V	76.35 mA	Fan2	1.156 V	9.35 mA	Motor1	1.109 V	9.12 mA	Motor2	1.1 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.112 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:32	8.717 V	71.8 mA	Fan1	8.699 V	76.35 mA	Fan2	1.372 V	11.15 mA	Motor1	1.109 V	9.15 mA	Motor2	1.1 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.112 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:33	8.717 V	71.8 mA	Fan1	8.699 V	76.35 mA	Fan2	1.372 V	11.15 mA	Motor1	1.475 V	12.2 mA	Motor2	1.1 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.114 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:34	8.716 V	71.8 mA	Fan1	8.699 V	76.35 mA	Fan2	1.372 V	11.15 mA	Motor1	1.474 V	12.2 mA	Motor2	1.1 V	9.07 mA	Sensor1	1.112 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:35	8.717 V	71.8 mA	Fan1	8.699 V	76.35 mA	Fan2	1.372 V	11.15 mA	Motor1	1.475 V	12.2 mA	Motor2	2.148 V	17.75 mA	Sensor1	1.114 V	9.05 mA	Sensor2
20:29:36	8.716 V	71.77 mA	Fan1	8.699 V	76.35 mA	Fan2	1.372 V	11.15 mA	Motor1	1.475 V	12.2 mA	Motor2	2.441 V	20.22 mA	Sensor1	1.72 V	13.82 mA	Sensor2
20:29:37	8.716 V	71.77 mA	Fan1	8.699 V	76.35 mA	Fan2	1.372 V	11.15 mA	Motor1	1.475 V	12.2 mA	Motor2	2.441 V	20.22 mA	Sensor1	3.7 V	30.27 mA	Sensor2
20:29:38	8.716 V	71.77 mA	Fan1	8.699 V	76.35 mA	Fan2	1.372 V	11.15 mA	Motor1	1.475 V	12.2 mA	Motor2	2.441 V	20.22 mA	Sensor1	3.7 V	30.27 mA	Sensor2

Setting Voltage and Current Limit

Click the 'Settings' button (B11).



The 'Settings' feature consists of:

- setting a maximum limit for voltage values
- setting a maximum limit for current values

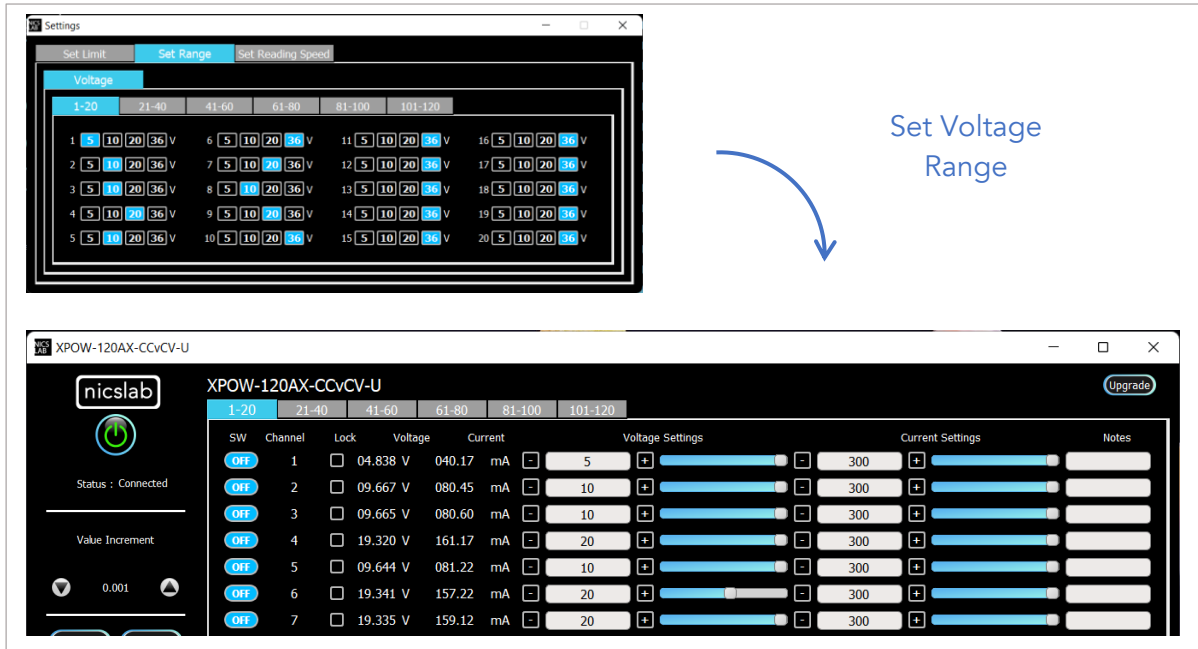
Set Voltage Limit

Set Current Limit

Important note: When you input the values, always press 'Enter'.

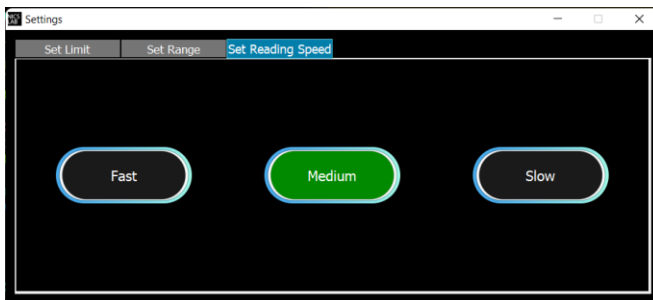
Setting Voltage Range

Set range for voltage values where you can choose the voltage range to limit the voltage values (B22, B23, and B25), the range of voltages are 5 V, 10 V, 20 V, and 34 V. Each range has a 16-bit precision.



Setting Reading Speed

When setting the reading speed for current and voltage, there are three options: Fast, Medium, and Slow. Faster options can make conversion time smaller but the results noisier.



4. Operating XPOW through the SCPI command

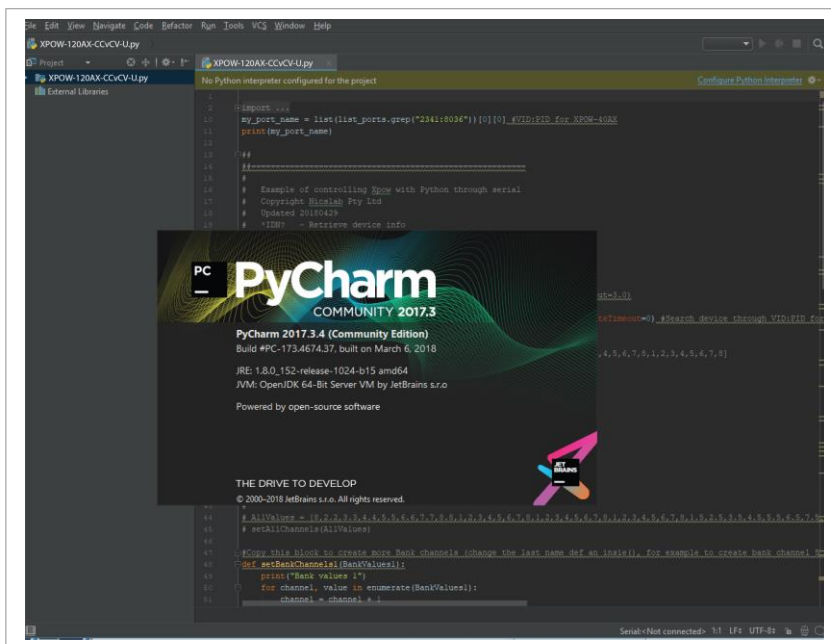
This section sets the guidelines to help you develop a program for any language that suits you best. The example is written in Python.

Python Installation (Example)

Please follow the steps below for dynamic programming using the SCPI command through Python via serial.

The following Python version and packages need to be installed:

1. Python 2.7 or Python 3.X (download and install the latest version from www.python.org). *Tested with Python 3.7.
2. PyCharm 2017.3.4 or the latest version (download and install the latest version from <https://www.jetbrains.com/pycharm/>)

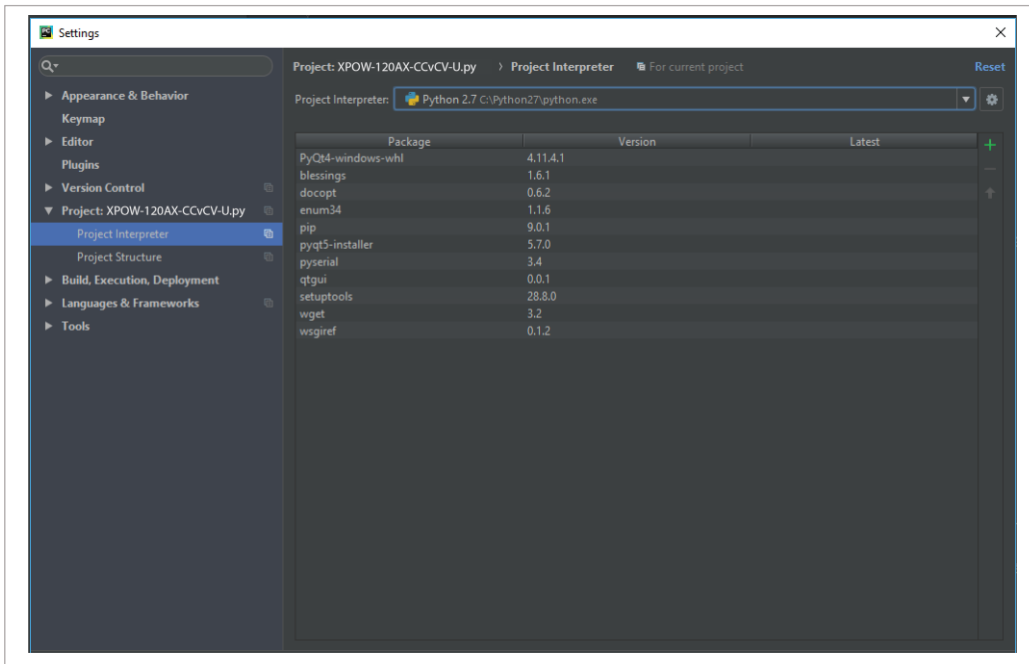


Run Python Code (Example)

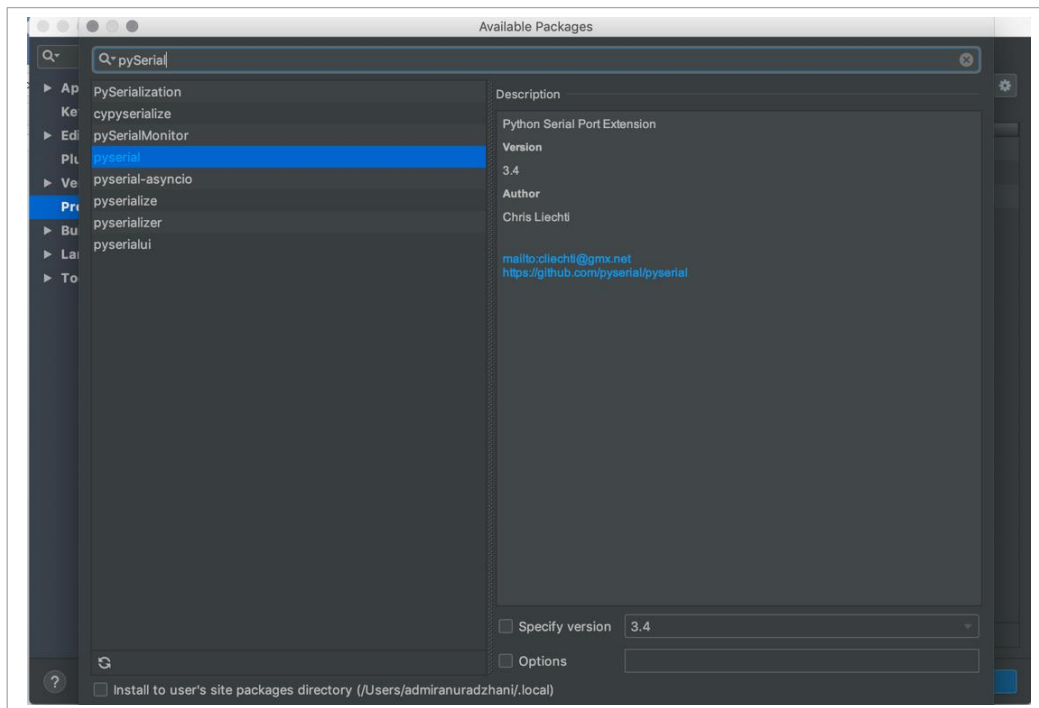
To run the Python code please follow the steps below:

1. Open PyCharm software and open the example file (e.g XPOW-120AX-CCvCV-U.py)

- Configure the Python interpreter (see figure below) by clicking Configure Python Interpreter link on the top right-hand corner of the code, or in File >> Settings >> Project Interpreter in Windows or Preference >> Project Interpreter in Mac. Select Python 2.7 or Python 3.X in the Project Interpreter list.

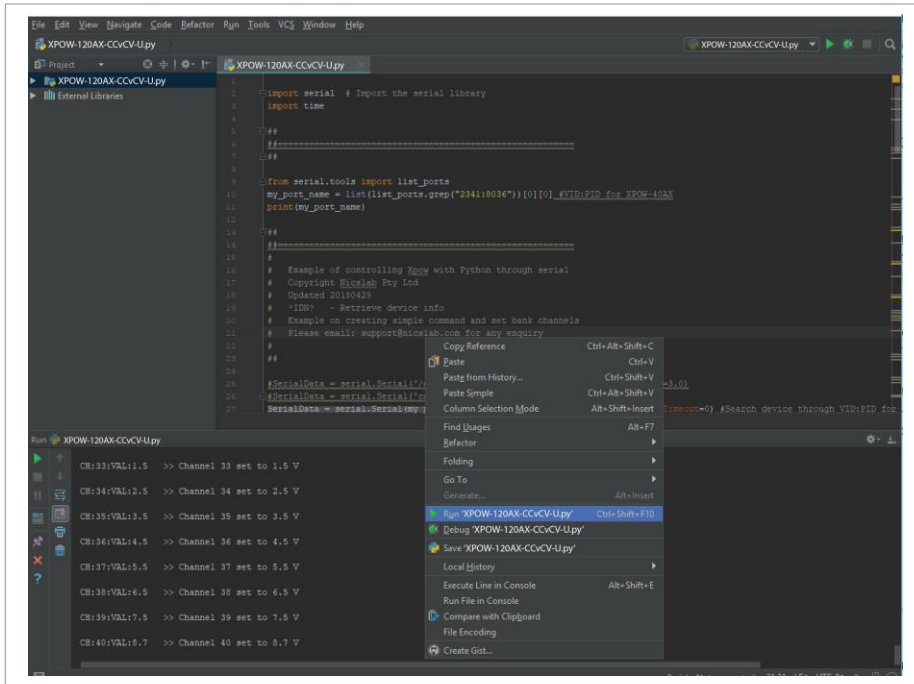


- Install additional packages: enum34, pip, pyserial, and setup tools by clicking + button, search, and install all the packages.



- Select Python Configuration and choose the file name.

- Run the file by clicking the green arrow button on the top right corner to test the XPOW (Please refer to the code and SCPI commands references).



Python Function (Example)

- Constant Voltage Calibration for single channel

Calibration work by applying voltage and current below the limit that we set in this function

```
cvCalibrationSingleChannel(channel, vcal, ccal)
```

channel (int): channel number

vcal (float): 0 - 34 V

ccal (float): 0 - 300 mA

Example:

Calibration with DUT connected to channel 1, volt limit 0.5 V, and current Limit 10 mA.

```
cvCalibrationSingleChannel(1, 0.5, 10)
```

- Constant Voltage Calibration for all channel

Calibration work by applying voltage and current below the limit that we set in this function

```
cvCalibrationAllChannel(vcal, ccal)
```

vcal (float array): 0 - 34 V

ccal (float array): 0 - 300 mA

3. Set ON for single channel

setChannel(channel, voltageVal, currentVal)

channel (int): channel number

voltageVal (float): 0 - 34 V

currentVal (float): 0 - 300 mA

4. Set ON for all channels

setVoltage1Channels(AllVValues) for channels 1 - 40

setVoltage2Channels(AllVValues) for channels 41 - 80

setVoltage3Channels(AllVValues) for channels 81 - 120

AllVValues (float array): voltage values in an array (V)

setCurrent1Channels(AllVValues) for channels 1 - 40

setCurrent2Channels(AllVValues) for channels 41 - 80

setCurrent3Channels(AllVValues) for channels 81 - 120

AllCValues (float array): current values in array (mA)

Example:

AllCValues = [100, 150, 100, 50, 200, 10, 10, 200] * 5

AllVValues = [20.1, 2.5, 13.0, 4, 5, 10.5, 9.5, 22] * 5

5. Set Range for all channels

setRange1Channels(AllRangeValues) for channels 1 - 40

setRange2Channels(AllRangeValues) for channels 41 - 80

setRange3Channels(AllRangeValues) for channels 81 - 120

AllRangeValues (int array): voltage range index values in an array

Array Index:

0: 0 - 5 V

1: 0 - 10 V

2: 0 - 20 V

4: 0 - 34 V (with 36 power supply)

Example:

AllRValues = [1, 0, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0]

6. Set GPIO digital output

```
setGPIO(index, value)
```

Index (int): Index of GP pin (12, 13, 16, 19, 26)

Value (string): "HIGH" or "LOW"

Example:

Set GP26 output to digital high

```
setGPIO(26, "HIGH")
```

7. Set Measurement Config

for channels 1 - 40:

```
measurementConfig1(voltConvTime, currConvTime, averaging)
```

for channels 41 - 80:

```
measurementConfig2(voltConvTime, currConvTime, averaging)
```

for channels 81 - 120:

```
measurementConfig3(voltConvTime, currConvTime, averaging)
```

voltConvTime (int uS): Voltage measurement conversion time

currConvTime (int uS): Current measurement conversion time

averaging (int): count of samples to be averaged

8. Set OFF for single channel

```
setOff(channel)
```

channel (int): channel number

9. Set OFF for all channels

```
setOffAllChannels(maxChannel)
```

maxChannel (int): maximum number of channels in XPOW

10. Read real-time value for single channel

```
readChannel(channel)
```

channel (int): channel number

11. Read real-time value for all channels

`readCommand1(maxChannel)` for channels 1 - 40

`readCommand2(maxChannel)` for channels 41 - 80

`readCommand3(maxChannel)` for channels 81 - 120

`maxChannel (int)`: maximum number of channels in XPOW

12. Automatic Setting for One Channel

Change and record the value in one channel for every time duration. The result will be saved as a CSV file.

`sweepOne(channel, seqValueV, seqValueC, duration)`

`channel (int)`: channel number

`seqValueV (float array)`: values for the voltage (V) for one channel in array.

`seqValueC (float array)`: values for the current (mA) for one channel in array

`duration (int)`: waiting time to change to the next value in seconds

Example:

`channel = 1`

`seqValueV = [20.1, 2.5, 13.0, 4, 5, 10.5, 9.5, 22]`

`seqValueC = [100, 150, 100, 50, 200, 10, 10]`

`duration = 5`

SCPI Commands

The XPOW can be controlled using Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments (SCPI) with 115200 baud rates.

Description: Constant Voltage Mode Calibration for single channel

Format:

```
CH:[n]:CALIB:[V Values]:[C Values]
```

Description: Set output voltage for single channel

Format:

```
CH:[n]:VOLT:[VOLT VALUES]
```

Result:

```
<CH:1:VOLT:[VOLT VALUES]:OK>
```

Example 1: Set the output voltage of channel 1 to 34 V

```
CH:1:VOLT:34 (set the output voltage of channel 1 to max 34 V)
```

Result:

```
<CH:1:VOLT:34:OK>
```

Example 2: Set the output voltage of channel 3 to 20V

```
CH:3:VOLT:20 (set the output voltage of channel 3 to 20 V)
```

Result:

```
<CH:3:VOLT:20:OK>
```

Description: Set output current for single channel

Format:

```
CH:[n]:CUR:[CURRENT VALUES]
```

Result:

```
<CH:1:CUR:[CURRENT VALUES]:OK>
```

Example 1: Set the output current of channel 1 to 300 mA.

```
CH:1:CUR:300 (set the output current of channel 1 to max 300 mA)
```

Result:

<CH:1:CUR:300:OK>

Example 2: Set the output current of channel 3 to 150 mA.

CH:3:CUR:150 (set the output current of channel 3 to 150mA)

Result:

<CH:3:CUR:150:OK>

Display real-time data for single channel

Format:

CH:[n]:VAL?

Description: Display voltage and current real-time value of channel n.

Result:

<val:[n]:VOLTAGE VAL:CURRENT VAL>

Example:

CH:1:VAL?

Result:

<val:1:6.101:100.211>

Set output voltage for a group of channels

Format:

CH:[m-n]:VOLT:[0-Vmax]

Description: Set the output voltage of channel m to channel n to [0-34 V].

Note: $1 \leq m < n \leq \text{Channel Max}$

Example:

CH:1-8:VOLT:20 (set outputs of channel 8 to channel 10 to 20 Volt)

Set output current for a group of channels

Format:

CH:[m-n]:CUR:[0-Amax]

Description: Set the output of channel m to channel n to [0-300 mA].

Note: $1 \leq m < n \leq \text{Channel Max}$

Example:

CH:1-8:CUR:150 (set outputs of channel 1 to channel 8 to 150 mA)

Set measurement config

Format:

MEASCONF:VoltConvTime:CurrConvTime:Averaging

Description: Set measurement conversion time in μ s and average sample counts.

Result:

MEASCONF:VoltConvTime:CurrConvTime:Averaging >> OK!

Set pin GPIO

Input

Format:

GPIO:[PIN NAME]

Description: Read the GPIO pin

Example:

GPIO:PD4

Result :

GPIO:PD4

Output - High

Format:

GPIO:[PIN NAME]:HIGH

Description: Set the GPIO pin to high (5V)

Example:

GPIO:PF5:HIGH

Result : GPIO:PF5:HIGH

Output - Low

Format:

GPIO:[PIN NAME]:LOW

Description: Set the GPIO pin to low (0V)

Example:

```
GPIO:PF5:LOW
```

Result :

```
GPIO:PF5:LOW
```

Retrieve device information

Format:

```
*IDN?
```

Description: Get information about the device.

Example:

```
*IDN?
```

Result :

```
*IDN? >> XPOW-40AX-CCvCV-U, Nicslab Ops, Inc.
```

Set range

Format:

```
CH:[n]:SVR:[0-3]
```

Note:

```
0 -> 5 V
```

```
1 -> 10 V
```

```
2 -> 20 V
```

```
3 -> 34 V
```

Default: 3

Result:

```
<CH:[n]:SVR:[RANGE VALUES]:OK>
```

Example 1: Set the range of channel 1 to maximum.

```
CH:1:SVR:3 (set the range of channel 1 to max 34 V)
```

Result:

```
<CH:1:SVR:3:OK>
```


5. System Shutdown

This section describes how to shut down the XPOW-120AX-CCvCV-U.

In the case of using GUI, the steps are as follows:

1. Set OFF all the channels in the GUI.
2. Press the ON/OFF Button in GUI (B1, Figure 4). It will change the color of the button from green to grey.
3. Close the GUI application.
4. Press button A1 (Figure 3).
5. Turn off the DC Power Supply.

In the case of using SCPI Command, the steps are as follows:

1. Use the `setOff(channel)` function to set off the channel used before.
2. Press button A1 (Figure 3).
3. Turn off the DC Power Supply

NOTE: Once the soft shutdown occurred, the **Green & Blue** led will be turned off. To use XPOW-120AX-CCvCV-U after a soft shutdown, just switch off and switch on again (restart) the XPOW-120AX-CCvCV-U.

6. Troubleshooting

Please use the following guidelines to identify a particular problem. If the solution does not rectify the problem, contact us at support@nicslab.com.

Table 7. Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Solution
The front end light is off when the switch is turned on	No USB connection	Check the USB connection to the laptop/PC.
The Blue light is off when the software is active or the software freezes	Initialization failed	Restart the software, or unplug - plug the USB connector, or Press Reset Button.
No channel output detected at the device under test	Connection failed	Check the metal pad checkpoint to the intended channel.
No USB port detected at the device manager	No USB connection	Turn on the XPOW-120AX box before running the application, and check the USB connection. Ensure the Arduino Driver is installed on the computer. Check using another USB port.
Unable to upload the file	File format problem	Make sure the file format is .csv
No value after uploading the file	File problem	Check the file content and make sure there is no blank space on each row.
Unable to use the Auto Mode feature	File format problem	Check the file format, it should be a .csv file. Check content format.
Display value unstable in GUI	Serial Connection Failed	Change the USB cable. Use a low-noise USB cable.

7. Warranty

Nicslab warrants the hardware and software designed by Nicslab to work accordingly, fulfilling the highest standard of a quality product. Nicslab is not liable for consequential or incidental damages or errors in subject to misuse, neglect, accident, modification, use in critical operation, or has been soldered or altered in any way outside stated by us or for unauthorized maintenance.

Nicslab retains to change the material and technical data of this manual at any time without notice, in future editions.

Please do not hesitate to contact us at support@nicslab.com if you would like to have more information on the warranty or return and refund policy.

8. Compliance

This product complies with the requirements of the European Union's *Conformite Europeenne* (CE) and Restriction of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (RoHS) Directive 2015/863 (RoHS3). The certificates can be accessed [here](#).

9. Contact

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Book a meeting [here](#).